

AFRICAN DUST AND PM<sub>10</sub> AT CAYENNE, BARBADOS, AND GUADELOUPE: IMPACT ON AIR QUALITY IN THE CARIBBEAN BASIN AND SOUTH AMERICA

THE 5Th INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON MEDICAL GEOLOGY

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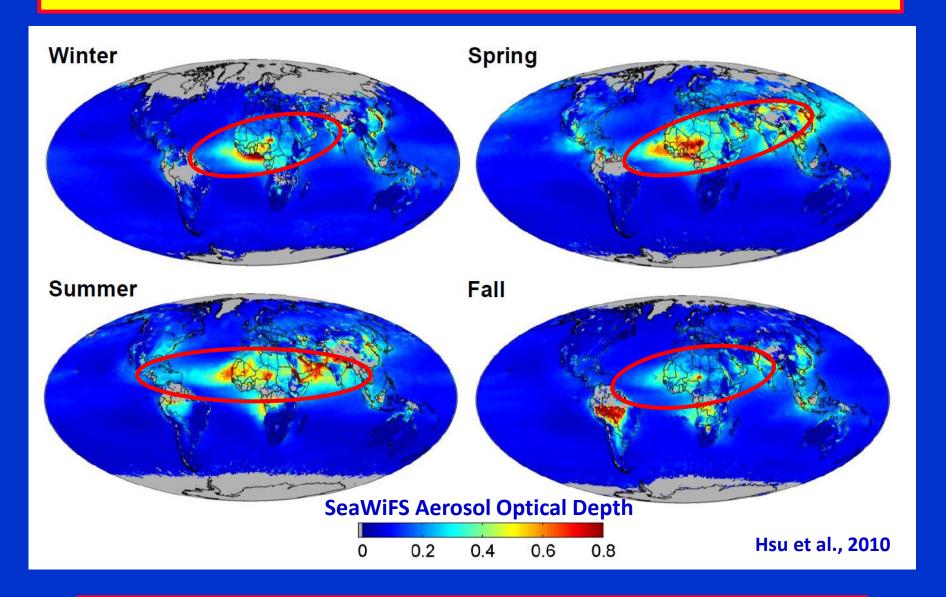
# Why the Interest in Mineral Dust and Health?

Dust is one of the most widespread aerosol species in the atmosphere.
 Huge areas are covered by dust a large portion of the year.
 Dust can be transported great distances – impact distant populations.
 BUT: few measurements of dust in "clean" environments.

#### **Primary Focus of this Presentation**

- Present PM10 measurements from Cayenne and Guadeloupe.
- ☐ Show that PM10 is largely attributable to African dust.
- Show that PM10 levels are comparable to urban areas in Europe and US.
- ☐ Discuss relationship of dust variability in terms of African sources/climate.

## **Satellites: Global Distribution of Aerosols – Dominance of Dust**



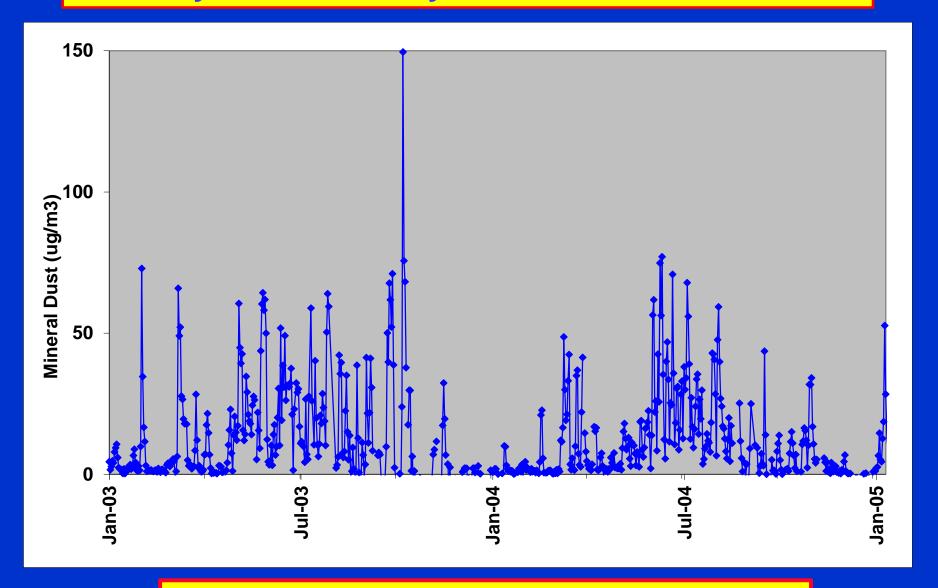
# **Our Sampling Network**



# U. Miami Aerosol Research Station, Barbados: 1965-2013

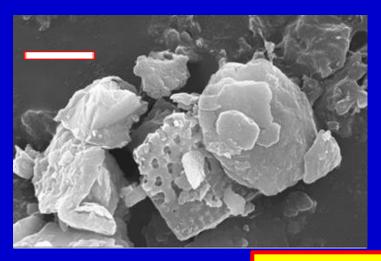


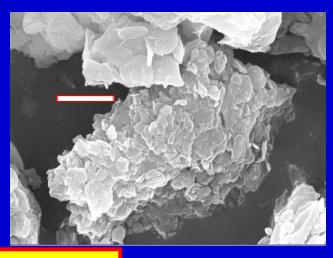
# Daily dust variability Barbados: 2003 - 2004



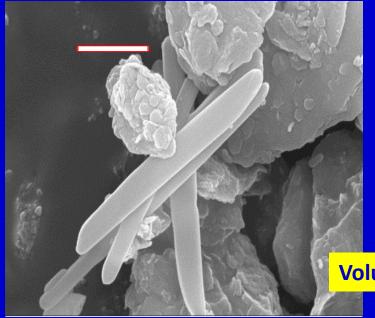
Seasonal changes are linked to changes in source activity and to large-scale changes in wind transport systems.

# **Dust Particle Morphology: Barbados**





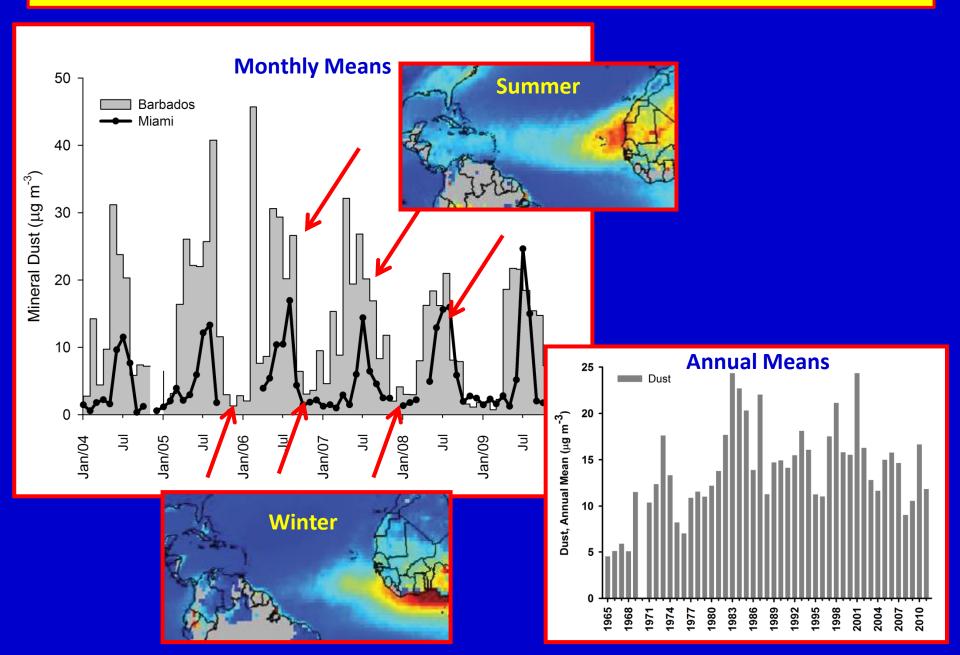
Scale bar = one micrometer.



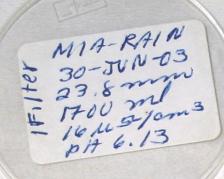
Scanning electron micrographs of aerosols collected on Barbados during dust outbreaks.

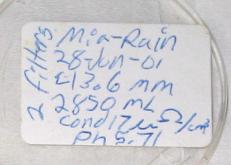
Volume median diameter about 2-3 um.

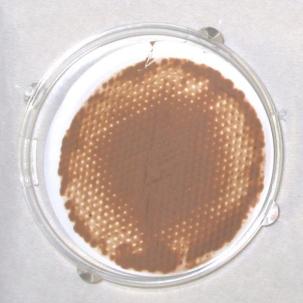
# **Strong Seasonal & Climate Control on Dust Throughout Caribbean**



# **Miami Dust & Dust Deposition**









Dust filtered from rain collected in wet-only precipitation collectors

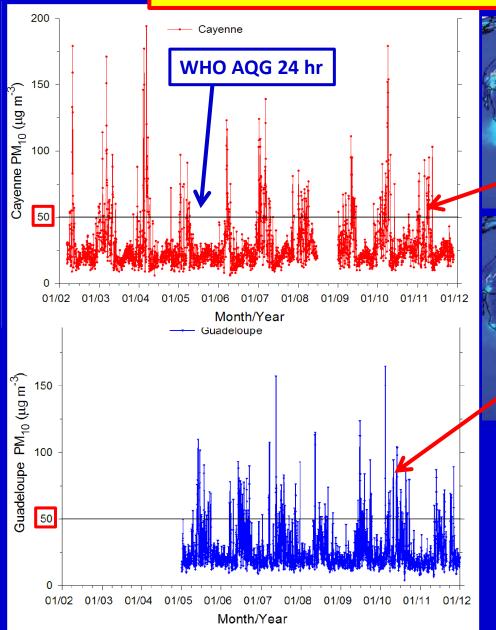
## **Guadeloupe & Cayenne: PM10 Measurements**

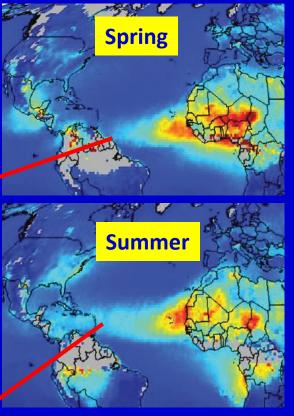
- Sampling: under the French national air quality monitoring program.
- Aerosol concentrations (PM10 & PM2.5) measured with Thermo Scientific
   TEOM (Tapered Element Oscillating Microbalance) Model 1400.
- TEOM: qualified as a US EPA equivalent method for PM10 and PM2.5.





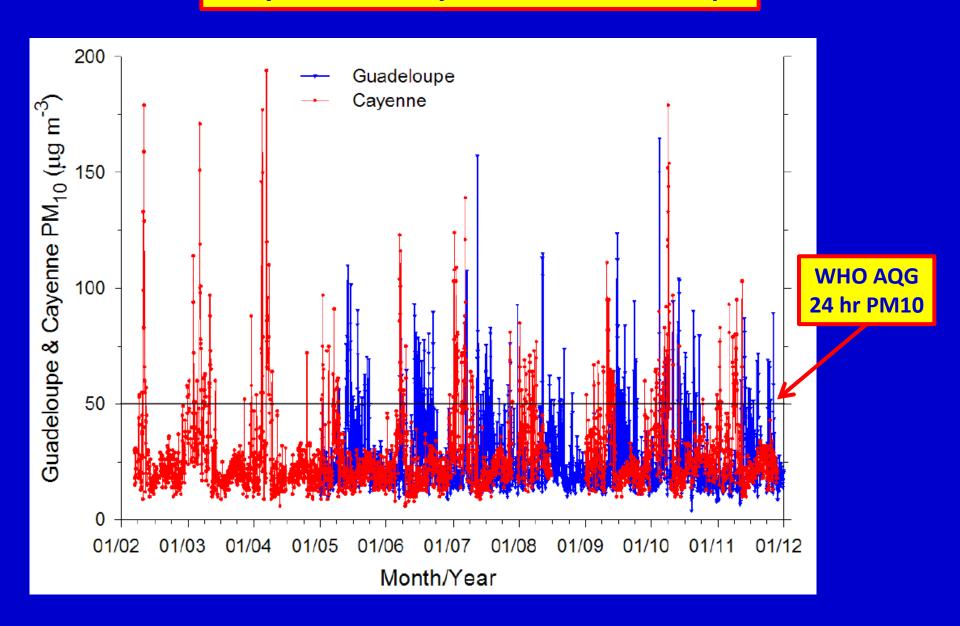
# **Daily PM10 at Cayenne and Guadeloupe**



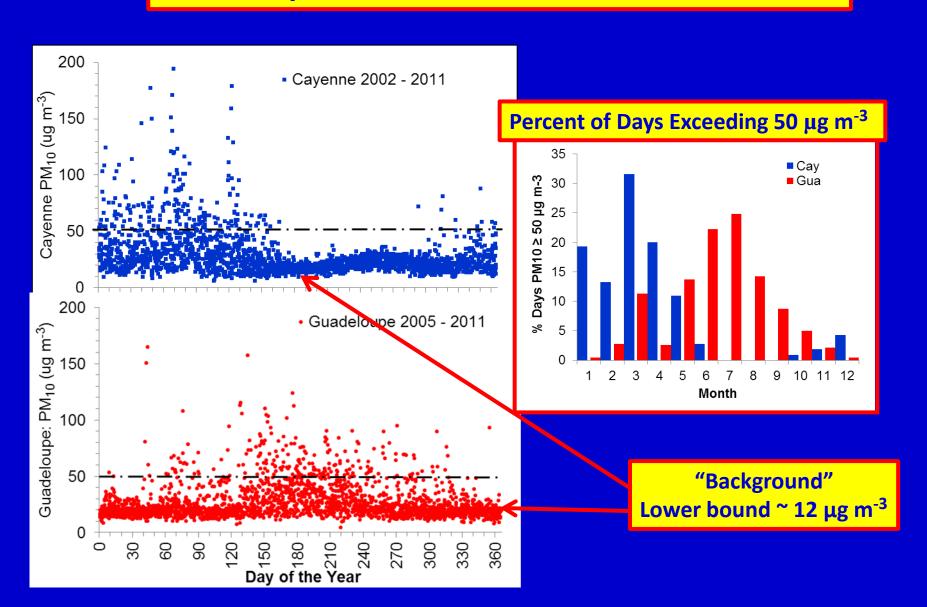


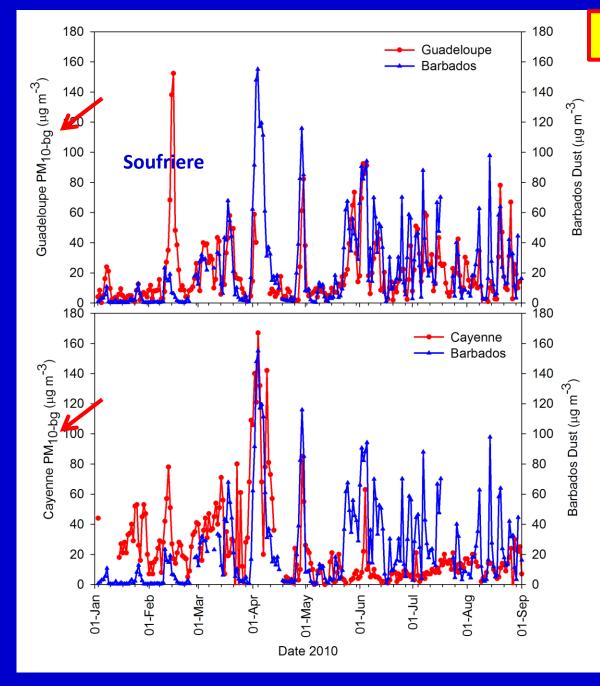
WHO Air Quality and Health
Fact sheet N°313 (Sep 2011)
Guideline values PM<sub>10</sub>
20 μg/m³ annual mean
50 μg/m³ 24-hour mean

## **Daily PM10 at Cayenne and Guadeloupe**



# PM10: Day-of-the-Year Concentration Distribution





#### **How much dust in PM10?**

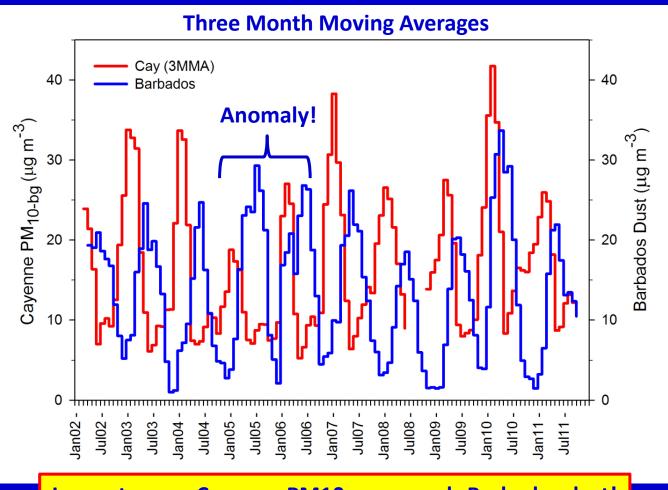
Compare daily PM10 with daily dust at Barbados.

Gua: March thru Summer
Gua ≈ Bar
i.e., PM10-bg ≈ Dust

Cay: March & April
Cay ≈ Bar
i.e., PM10-bg ≈ Dust

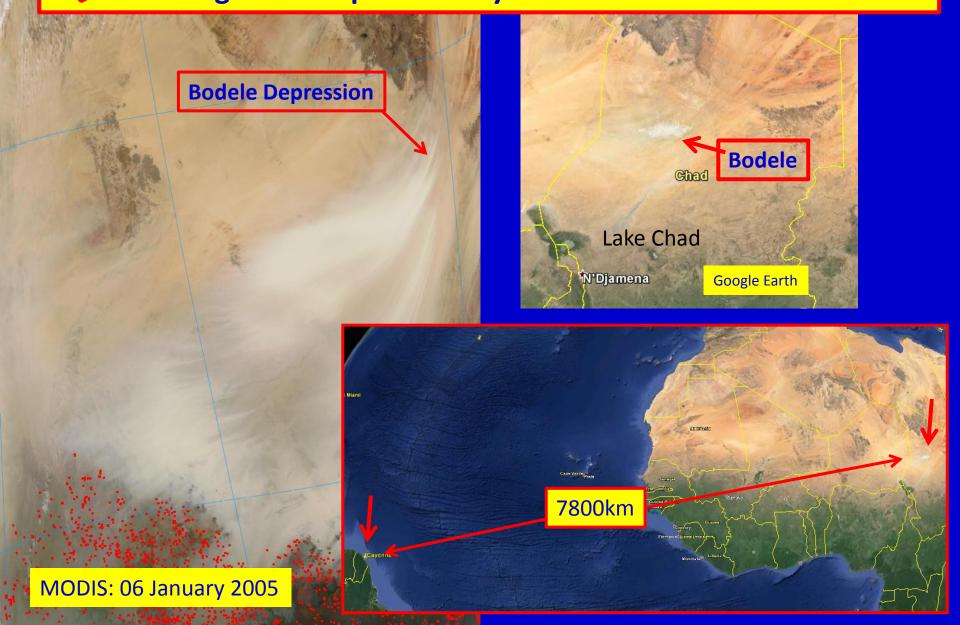
March and April: dust outbreaks impacted all three sites simultaneously at same concentrations, spanning 1400km latitude

## Cayenne PM10-bg & Barbados Dust: Seasonal Comparison

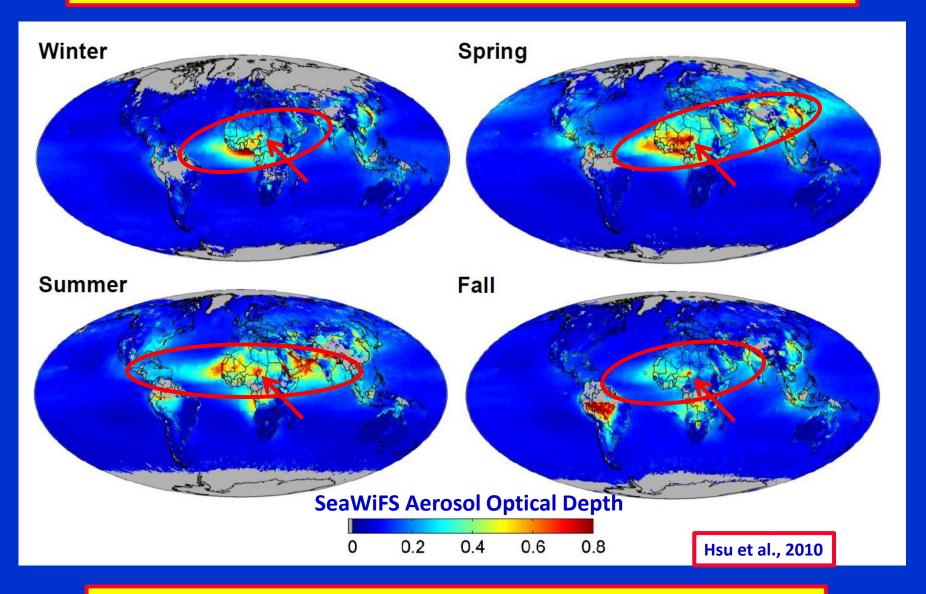


In most years, Cayenne PM10<sub>-bg</sub> exceeds Barbados dust! Note strong anomaly in 2005 – 2006.

# Major Source of Spring Dust at Cayenne: The Bodele Depression the largest most persistently active dust source in the world.

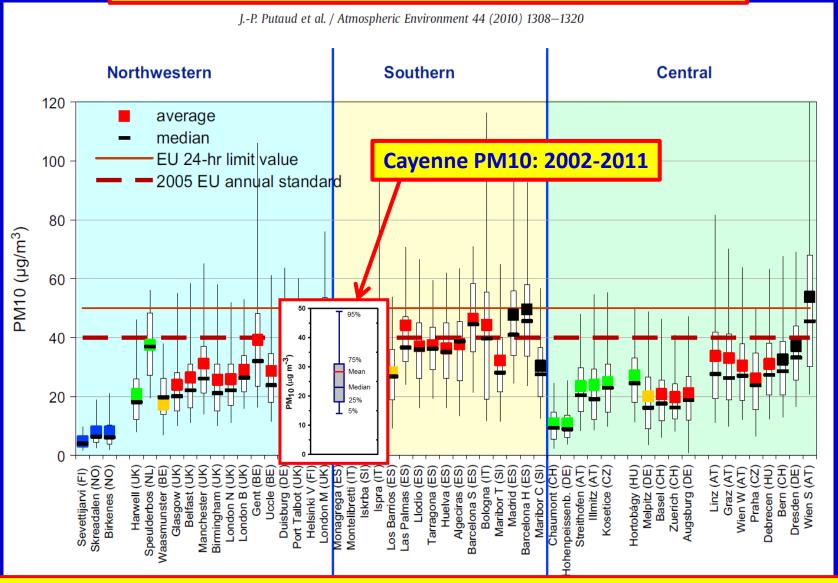


## Global Distribution of Aerosols – The Bodele "Hot Spot"



The Bodele dust source stands out all year long – but strongest in Spring.

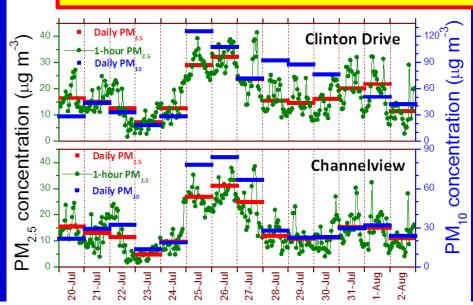
## **Comparing Cayenne PM10 Statistics to Europe**



Annual averages of PM10 mass concentrations:, 25, 50 (median), 75, and 95% percentiles of 24-h concentrations. Colors: type of site (blue: natural background, green: rural background, yellow: near-city, red: urban background, grey: industrial, black: kerbside).

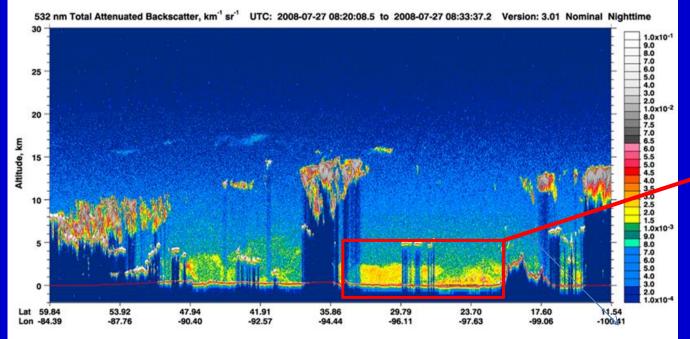
J.-P. Putaud et al. / Atmospheric Environment 44 (2010).

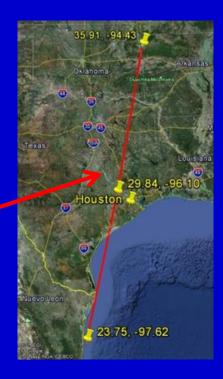
#### African Dust and Houston PM10: A Case Study, July 2008



Quantifying the Contribution of Long-Range Saharan Dust Transport on Particulate Matter Concentrations in Houston, Texas, using Detailed Elemental Analysis.

Bozlaker, Prospero, Fraser, and Chellam, Environ. Sci. Technol., 2013.





# **Conclusions**

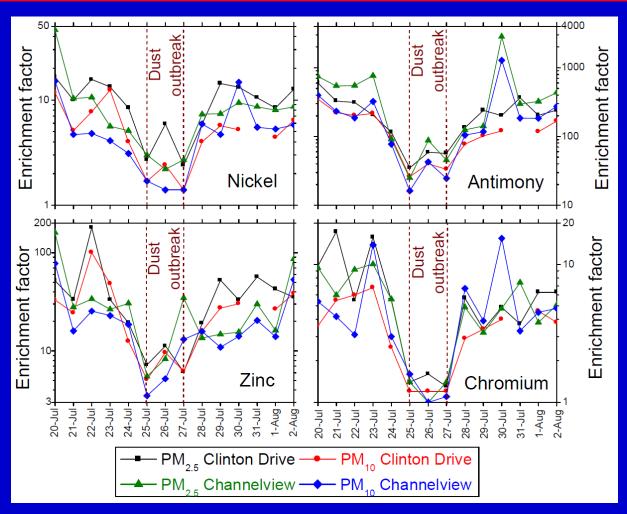
PM 10 Concentrations in our study often exceed the WHO 24 hour AQG.
 PM10 exceedences are attributed to the presence of African dust.

 Also true for Houston dust event.

 Our measurements are probably indicative of those over the entire Basin.
 The impact of this transport on human health is unknown.
 We might expect that the PM10 concentrations in this region will change with time as climate changes in Africa.

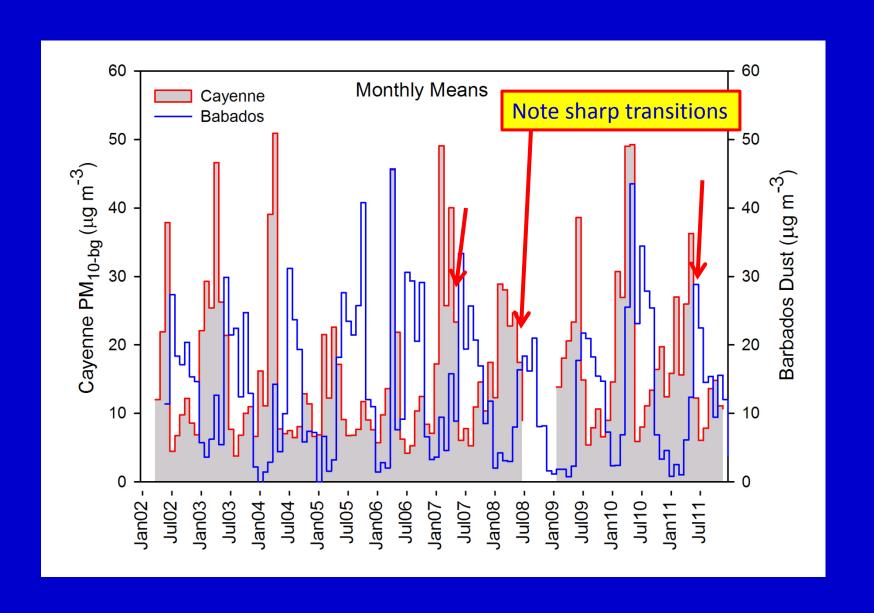


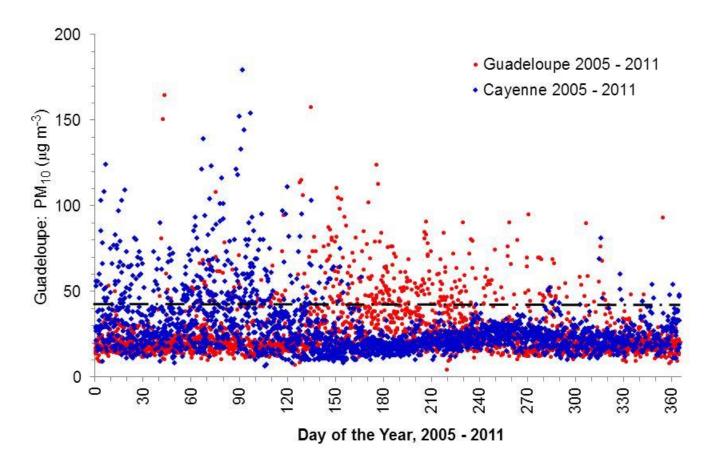
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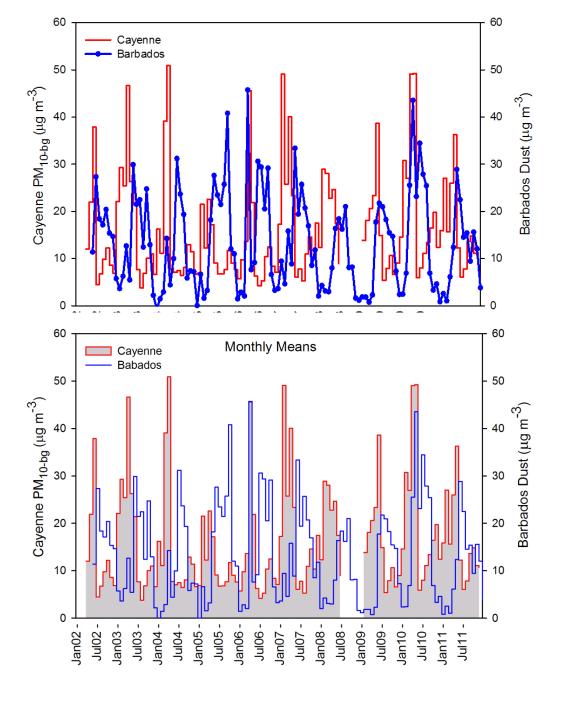


During the dust event, for most elements composition was quite similar to average crustal abundances, i.e., enrichment factors near one (except Sb!).

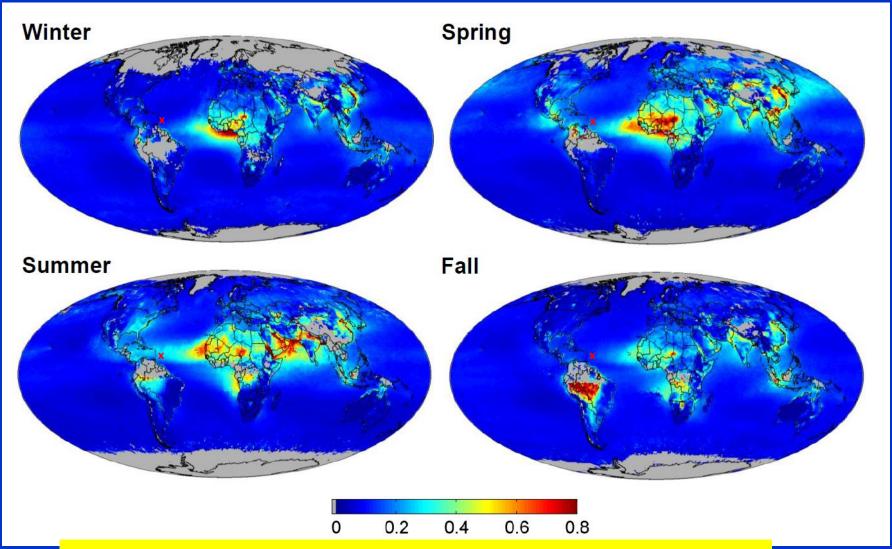
# Comparing Monthly Mean PM10<sub>-bg</sub> at Cayenne with Barbados Dust





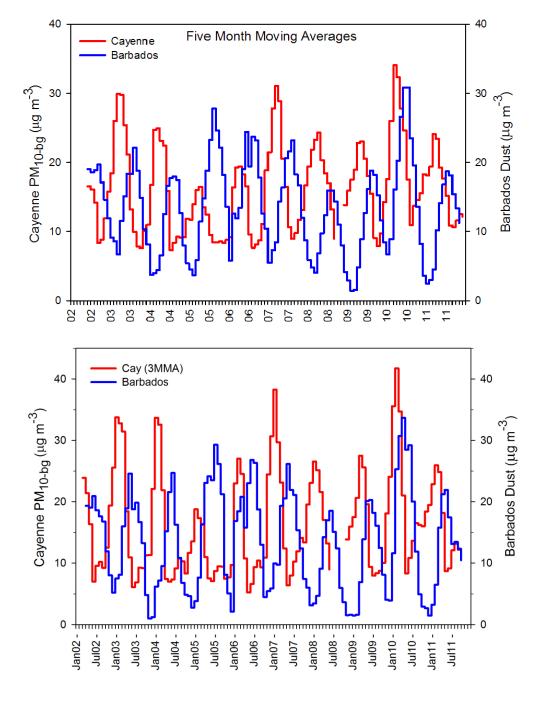


## **Satellites: Global Distribution of Aerosols – Dominance of Dust**



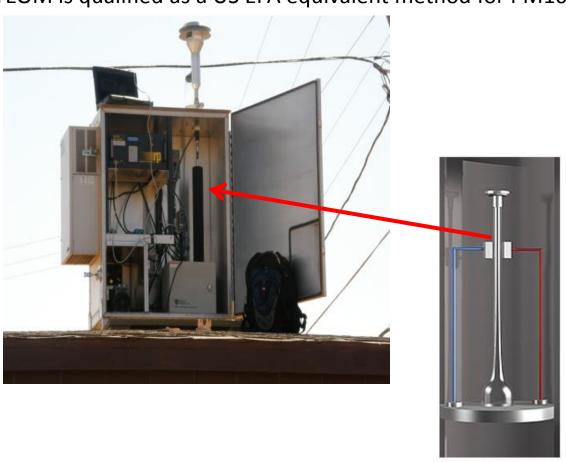
SeaWiFS seasonally averaged AOD at 550nm 1997–2010. Hsu et al., 2012 ACP

**Strong Transport to South America – Winter & Spring** 



#### Cayenne and Guadeloupe:

- Sampling is carried out as part of the French air quality monitoring program.
- Aerosol concentrations (PM10 & PM2.5) are measured using the Thermo Scientific TEOM (Tapered Element Oscillating Microbalance) Model 1400.
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#### Long Term Variability of Barbados Dust: Monthly Means 1965 - 2008

